In re Application or

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## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please enter the following rewritten claims:

16. (Amended) A method for identifying a DNA sequence which encodes a molecule or molecules which directly or indirectly modulate the interaction between at least a first and second molecule, comprising:

introducing into a cell containing interacting molecules which generate or repress a detectable signal or growth of the cell, genomic DNA or clones of a DNA library generated from nucleic acid derived from a mixed population of organisms and measuring the interaction of a first interacting molecule and a second interacting molecule in the presence of a third molecule\_encoded by the library or the genomic DNA or produced as a result of expression of one or more products encoded by the library or the genomic DNA, wherein interaction of the first and the second molecules in the absence of the third molecule produces a detectable signal or growth of the cell;

comparing the signal or growth of the cell in the presence and absence of the genomic DNA or library, wherein a difference between the response or growth is indicative of the presence of a molecule that modulates interaction between the first and second molecules; and

identifying a clone or DNA sequence which encodes a molecule or molecules which directly or indirectly modulates the interaction between the first and second molecules.

17. (Amended)The method of claim 16, wherein at least one of the interacting molecules contains a DNA-binding moiety and at least one of the interacting molecules contains

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18. (Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the DNA-binding moiety and the transcriptional activation projety are derived from a single transcriptional activator.

- 19. (Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the DNA-binding moiety and the transcriptional activation moiety are derived from different proteins.
- 20. (Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the detectable signal is produced from a gene encoding a protein selected from the group consisting of  $\beta$ -galactosidase, green fluorescent protein, luciferase, alkaline phosphatase and chloramphenicol acetyl transferase.
- (Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the detectable signal is encoded by a 22 gene present in a host cell.
- 23. (Amended) The method of claim 22, wherein the host cell further comprises a first recombinant gene encoding the first molecule, a second recombinant gene encoding the second molecule, or a third recombinant gene encoding the third molecule, wherein the first, second or third gene are expressed in the host cell.
- 24. (Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the host cell contains both the first gene and the second gene.
- 25. (Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the host cell contains the first. second and third genes.
  - (Amended) The method of claim 25, wherein the host cell is cultured under 26.

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- 27. (Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the library is derived from an environmental sample.
- 28. (Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the third gene is derived from an environmental library.
- 29. (Amended) The method of claim 16 or 28, wherein the environmental library is derived from an environmental sample comprising uncultured microorganisms.
- 30. (Amended) The method of claim 29, wherein uncultured microorganisms comprise a mixture of terrestrial microorganisms, a mixture of marine microorganisms, or a mixture of terrestrial and marine microorganisms.
- 31. (Amended) The method of claim 29, wherein the uncultured microorganisms are extremophiles.
- 32. (Amended) The method of claim 31, wherein the extremophiles are selected from the group consisting of thermophiles, hyperthermophiles, psychrophiles, and psychrotrophs.
- 33. (Amended) The method of claim 16 or 23, wherein the library is created by obtaining an environmental sample, enriching the environmental sample for eukaryotic organisms and selecting against prokaryotic organisms, isolating nucleic acids from the enriched sample, fractionating the nucleic acids, and cloning the isolated nucleic acids into a vector.
  - 34. (Amended) The method of claim 33, wherein the nucleic acids are amplified prior
  - 35. (Amended) The method of claim 55, wherein the vector is an expression see so

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36. (Amended) A method for identifying a molecule that affects the interaction between a first and second molecule, comprising:

(i) contacting a first molecule with a second molecule in the presence of a third molecule derived from a library made from a mixed population of organisms or in the presence of the library or genomic DNA

wherein association of the first and second molecules in the absence of the third molecule results in the absence or presence of a detectable response by changing expression of a detectable gene or detectable gene product; and

- (ii) comparing the detectable response in the presence of the third molecule with the detectable response in the absence of the third molecule, wherein a difference in response is indicative of the presence of a molecule that affects the interaction between a first and second molecule.
- 37. (Amended) The method of claim 36, wherein the detectable response is the expression or repression of a detectable gene.
  - 38. (Amended) The method of claim 37, further comprising, prior to (i):

    providing a prokaryotic host cell containing the detectable gene; and
    providing a first gene expressed in the host cell, the first gene encoding the
    first molecule.
  - 39. (Amended) The method of claim 38, further comprising, prior to (i):

    providing a second gene expressed in the host cell, the second gene

    providing the second molecule.

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- 40. (Amended) The method of claim 39, further comprising, prior to (i):

  providing a third gene expressed in the host cell, the third gene encoding the third molecule.
- 41. (Amended) The method of claim 40, further comprising, prior to (i): introducing said first, second and third genes into the host cell; and allowing expression of the genes.
- 42. (Amended) The method of claim 36, wherein the molecule contains a DNA binding domain and a transcriptional activation domain.
- 43. (Amended) The method of claim 36, wherein the interaction between the first and second molecules forms a transcriptional repressor.
- 44. (Amended) The method of claim36, wherein the third gene is derived from an environmental library.
  - 45. (Amended) The method of claim36, further comprising, prior to (i): obtaining an environmental sample; and enriching the sample for prokaryotic organisms.
- 46. (Amended) The method of claim 45, further comprising producing a normalized library, comprising :

isolating nucleic acids from said enriched environmental sample;

fractionating the isolated nucleic acids:

melting the recovered fractions and allowing subsequent reannealing; and

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47. (Amended) The method of claim 46, further comprising generating an expression library, comprising:

inserting isolated nucleic acids into an expression vector.

Please add the following new claim:

- / 48. (New) A method for identifying a molecule that affects the interaction between a first and second molecule, comprising:
  - (i) contacting a first molecule with a second molecule wherein at least one of the first or second molecules are derived from a library made from a mixed population of organisms, wherein association of the first and second molecules in the presence of an unidentified molecule results in the presence of a detectable response by changing expression of a detectable gene or detectable gene product; and
  - (ii) comparing the detectable response in the presence of the inidentified molecule and the first and second molecules with the detectable response in the absence of the unidentified molecule, wherein a difference in response is indicative of a first and second molecule that interact and a molecule that affects the interaction between the first and second molecules.

## REMARKS

The specification has been amended to correct typographical mistakes. In addition, the specification has been amended at page 16, line 10 to insert the term "thermophiles". The term "thermophiles" is supported in claim 15 as originally filed. Claims 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 25, 27, 29, 33, 36, 38-43 and 45-47 have been amended. Claim 21 has been canceled without prejudice to Applicant's right to prosecute the canceled subject matter in any divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, or other application. The amendments to